



FGFR1/2 (Phospho Tyr730/733) Rabbit pAb

Catalog No BYab-17308 Isotype IgG Reactivity Human, Mouse,Rat Applications IHC,WB Gene Name FGFR1 BFGFR CEK FGFBR FLG FLT2 HBGFR FGFR2 BEK Protein Name Fibroblast growth factor receptor 1 (BFGFR.1) (EC 2.7 ·10.1) (Basic fibroblast growth factor receptor 1) (BFGFR) (bFGFR-1) (Fms-like tyrosine kinase 2) (FLT-2) (N-sam) (Proto-oncogene c-Fgr) (CD antige Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human FGFR1/2 (Phospho Tyr730/733) Specificity This antibody detects endogenous levels of FGFR1/2 (Phospho Tyr730/733) Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide. Source Rabbit, polyclonal Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen. Dilution WB 1:500-2000 IHC 1:50-200 Concentration 1 mg/ml Purity ≥90% Storage Stability -20°C/1 year Synonyms Fibroblast growth factor receptor 1 (FGFR-1) (EC 2.7.10.1) (Basic fibroblast growth factor receptor 1) (BFGFR) (bFGF-R-1) (Fms-like tyrosine kinase 2) (FLT-2) (N-sam) (Proto-oncogene c-Fgr) (CD antigen CD331) Observed Band 120kD Cell Pathway Cell membrane, Si		
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Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd

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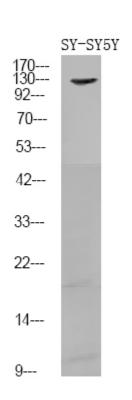


	in association with a myeloproliferative disorder, often accompanied by pronounced peripheral eosinophilia and/or prominent eosinophilic infiltrates in the affected bone marrow.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving FGFR1 may be a cause of stem cell myeloproliferative disorder (MPD). Translocation t(6;8)(q27;p11) with FGFR1OP. Insertion ins(12;8)(p11;p11p22) with FGFR1OP2. MPD is characterized by myeloid hyperplasia, eosinophilia and T-cell or B-cell lymphoblastic lymphoma. In general it progresses to acute myeloid leukemia. The fusion proteins FGFR1OP2-FGFR1, FGFR1OP-FGFR1 or FGFR1-FGFR1OP may
Background	fibroblast growth factor receptor 1(FGFR1) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor (FGFR) family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member binds both acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors and is involved in limb induction. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Pfeiffer syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome,
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.





Products Images



Western Blot analysis of SY-SY5Y using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution 4°C, overnight. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS23920) was diluted at 1:10000 25 °C, 1.5hours

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