



Cav2.2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYab-16327
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse
Applications	IHC;IF
Gene Name	CACNA1B
Protein Name	Voltage-dependent N-type calcium channel subunit alpha-1B (Brain calcium channel III) (BIII) (Calcium channel, L type, alpha-1 polypeptide isoform 5) (Voltage-gated calcium channel subunit alpha Cav2.
Immunogen	Synthetic Peptide of Cav2.2 AA range: 230-310
Specificity	Cav2.2 protein(A205) detects endogenous levels of Cav2.2
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	IHC 1:50-100. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	Voltage-dependent N-type calcium channel subunit alpha-1B (Brain calcium channel III;BIII;Calcium channel, L type, alpha-1 polypeptide isoform 5;Voltage-gated calcium channel subunit alpha Cav2.2)
Observed Band	263kD
Cell Pathway	Membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .
Tissue Specificity	Isoform Alpha-1b-1 and isoform Alpha-1b-2 are expressed in the central nervous system, but not in skeletal muscle or aorta. Expressed in the cerebral white matter, cortex, hippocampus, basal ganglia, and cerebellum (PubMed:30982612).
Function	domain:Each of the four internal repeats contains five hydrophobic transmembrane segments (S1, S2, S3, S5, S6) and one positively charged transmembrane segment (S4). S4 segments probably represent the voltage-sensor and are characterized by a series of positively charged amino acids at every third position.,function:Voltage-sensitive calcium channels (VSCC) mediate the entry of calcium ions into excitable cells and are also involved in a variety of calcium-dependent processes, including muscle contraction, hormone

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd



or neurotransmitter release, gene expression, cell motility, cell division and cell death. The isoform alpha-1B gives rise to N-type calcium currents. N-type calcium channels belong to the 'high-voltage activated' (HVA) group and are blocked by omega-conotoxin-GVIA (omega-CTx-GVIA) and by omega-agatoxin-IIIa (omega-Aga-IIIa). They are however insensitive to dihydropyridines (DH

Background

calcium voltage-gated channel subunit alpha1 B(CACNA1B) Homo sapiens
The protein encoded by this gene is the pore-forming subunit of an N-type voltage-dependent calcium channel, which controls neurotransmitter release from neurons. The encoded protein forms a complex with alpha-2, beta, and delta subunits to form the high-voltage activated channel. This channel is sensitive to omega-conotoxin-GVIA and omega-agatoxin-IIIa but insensitive to dihydropyridines. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2011],

matters needing attention

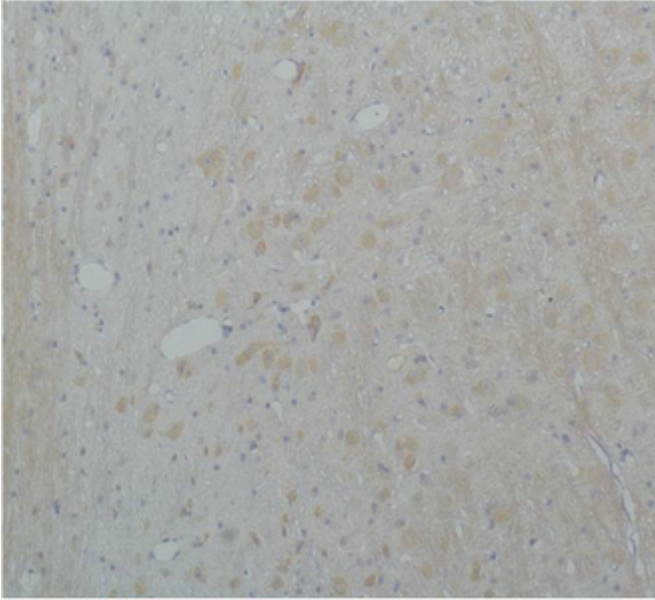
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

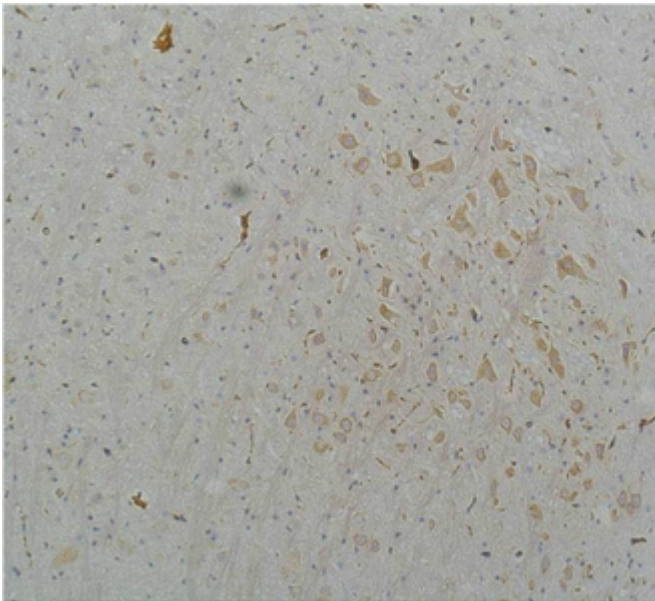
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat Brain Tissue using Cav2.2Rabbit pAb diluted at 1:200.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse Brain Tissue using Cav2.2Rabbit pAb diluted at 1:200.