



Met (phospho Tyr1349) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No BYab-12983 Isotype IgG Reactivity Human;Mouse;Rat Applications WB;ELISA;IHC Gene Name MET Protein Name Hepatocyte growth factor receptor Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Met around the phosphorylation site of Tyr1349. AA range:1316-1365 Specificity Phospho-Met (Y1349) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Met protein only when phosphorylated at Y1349. Formulation Liquid in PBs containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. Source Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. Dilution WB 1:500-2000;IHC-p 1:50-300; ELISA 2000-20000 Concentration 1 mg/ml Purity ≥90% Storage Stability -20°C/1 year Synonyms MET; Hepatocyte growth factor receptor; HGF receptor; HGF/SF receptor; Proto-oncogene c-Met; Scatter factor receptor; SF receptor; Tyrosine-protein kinase Met Observed Band 155kD Cell Pathway Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.; [Isoform 3]: Secreted. Tis		
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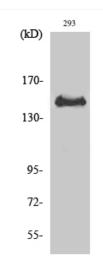


	as papillary renal cell carcinoma 2 (RCCP2). HPRC is a form of inherited kidney cancer characterized by a predisposition to develop multiple, bilateral papillary renal tumors. The pattern of inheritance is consistent with autosomal dominant transmission with reduced penetrance., disease: Defects in MET may be associated with gastric cancer., disease: Genetic variations in MET may be associated with susceptibility to autism type 9 (AUTS9) [MIM:611015]. Autism is a neurodevelopmental disorder characterized by disturbance in I
Background	This gene encodes a member of the receptor tyrosine kinase family of proteins and the product of the proto-oncogene MET. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate alpha and beta subunits that are linked via disulfide bonds to form the mature receptor. Further processing of the beta subunit results in the formation of the M10 peptide, which has been shown to reduce lung fibrosis. Binding of its ligand, hepatocyte growth factor, induces dimerization and activation of the receptor, which plays a role in cellular survival, embryogenesis, and cellular migration and invasion. Mutations in this gene are associated with papillary renal cell carcinoma, hepatocellular carcinoma, and various head and neck cancers. Amplification and overexpression of this gene are also associated with multiple human cancers. [provided by RefSeq, May 2016],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
attention	
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

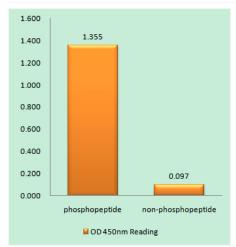




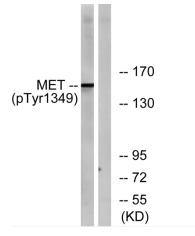
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Met (Y1349) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



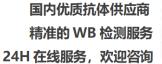
Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Met (Phospho-Tyr1349) Antibody



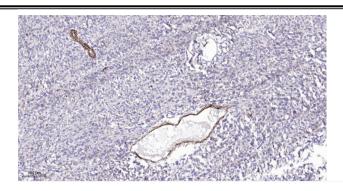
Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells, using Met (Phospho-Tyr1349) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human Colon cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).

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