



PDGFR-β Monoclonal Antibody

| Catalog No | BYab-12937 | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Catalog No | | |
| lsotype | lgG | |
| Reactivity | Human;Mouse | |
| Applications | WB;ELISA | |
| Gene Name | PDGFRB | |
| Protein Name | Beta-type platelet-derived growth factor receptor | |
| Immunogen | Purified recombinant fragment of human PDGFR- β expressed in E. Coli. | |
| Specificity | PDGFR- β Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PDGFR- β protein. | |
| Formulation | Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide, 0.5% BSA, 50% glycerol. | |
| Source | Monoclonal, Mouse | |
| Purification | Affinity purification | |
| Dilution | Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. | |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml | |
| Purity | ≥90% | |
| Storage Stability | -20°C/1 year | |
| Synonyms | PDGFRB; PDGFR; PDGFR1; Platelet-derived growth factor receptor beta; PDGF-R-beta; PDGFR-beta; Beta platelet-derived growth factor receptor; Beta-type platelet-derived growth factor receptor; CD140 antigen-like family member B; Platelet-deri | |
| Observed Band | 135-180kD | |
| Cell Pathway | Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle. Lysosome lumen. After ligand binding, the autophosphorylated receptor is ubiquitinated and internalized, leading to its degradation. | |
| Tissue Specificity | Brain,Spleen, | |
| Function | catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB is a cause in many instances of chronic myeloproliferative disorder with eosinophilia (MPE) [MIM:131440]. Translocation t(5;12) with ETV6 on chromosome 12 creating an PDGFRB-ETV6 fusion protein.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB is found in a form of chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMML). Translocation t(5;12)(q33;p13) with EVT6/TEL. It is characterized by abnormal clonal myeloid proliferation and by progression to acute myelogenous leukemia | |
| | Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd | |

网址: www.njbybio.com 官方热线: 025-5229-8998 监督电话: 15950492658

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|---------------------------|---|
| | (AML).,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB may be a cause of acute myelogenous leukemia. Translocation t(5;14)(q33;q32) with TRIP11. The fusion protein may be involved in clonal evolution of leukemia and eosinophilia.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB may be a cause |
| Background | This gene encodes a cell surface tyrosine kinase receptor for members of the platelet-derived growth factor family. These growth factors are mitogens for cells of mesenchymal origin. The identity of the growth factor bound to a receptor monomer determines whether the functional receptor is a homodimer or a heterodimer, composed of both platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha and beta polypeptides. This gene is flanked on chromosome 5 by the genes for granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor and macrophage-colony stimulating factor receptor; all three genes may be implicated in the 5-q syndrome. A translocation between chromosomes 5 and 12, that fuses this gene to that of the translocation, ETV6, leukemia gene, results in chronic myeloproliferative disorder with eosinophilia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], |
| matters needing attention | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing! |
| Usage suggestions | This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel. |

| Products Images | | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Da 1 20 | Western Blot analysis using PDGFR-β Monoclonal Antibody against NIH/3T3 cell lysate (1). | |
| 70- | | |
| 16- | | |
| 76- 53- | | |

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