



# MCCB rabbit pAb

<b>Catalog No</b>	BYab-07994
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human; Mouse;Rat
<b>Applications</b>	WB
<b>Gene Name</b>	MCCC2 MCCB
<b>Protein Name</b>	MCCB
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human MCCB AA range: 204-254
<b>Specificity</b>	This antibody detects endogenous levels of MCCB at Human/Mouse/Rat
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.108% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	Methylcrotonoyl-CoA carboxylase beta chain, mitochondrial (MCCase subunit beta) (EC 6.4.1.4) (3-methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase 2) (3-methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase non-biotin-containing subunit) (3-methylcrotonyl-CoA:carbon dioxide ligase subunit beta)
<b>Observed Band</b>	60kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Mitochondrion matrix .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Testis,Uterus,
<b>Function</b>	catalytic activity:ATP + 3-methylcrotonoyl-CoA + HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>(-)</sup> = ADP + phosphate + 3-methylglutaconyl-CoA..disease:Defects in MCCC2 are the cause of methylcrotonoyl-CoA carboxylase deficiency type 2 (MCC2 deficiency) [MIM:210210]. MCC2 deficiency is an autosomal recessive disorder of leucine catabolism. The phenotype is variable, ranging from neonatal onset with severe neurological involvement to asymptomatic adults. There is a characteristic organic aciduria with massive excretion of 3-hydroxyisovaleric acid and 3-methylcrotonylglycine, usually in combination with a severe secondary carnitine

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deficiency.,pathway:Amino-acid degradation; L-leucine degradation; HMG-CoA from 3-isovaleryl-CoA: step 2/3.,similarity:Belongs to the accD/PCCB family.,similarity:Contains 1 carboxyltransferase domain.,subunit:Probably a dodecamer composed of six biotin-containing alpha subunits and six beta subunits.,

**Background**

This gene encodes the small subunit of 3-methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase. This enzyme functions as a heterodimer and catalyzes the carboxylation of 3-methylcrotonyl-CoA to form 3-methylglutaconyl-CoA. Mutations in this gene are associated with 3-Methylcrotonylglycinuria, an autosomal recessive disorder of leucine catabolism. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

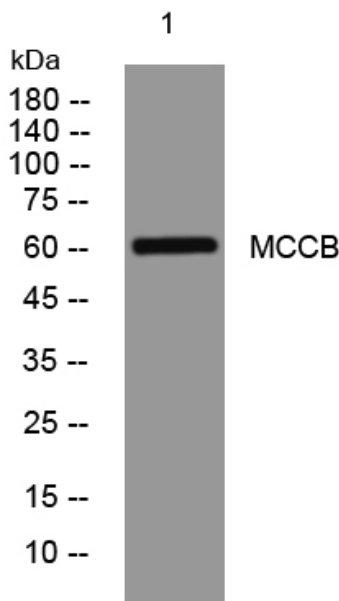
**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**



Western blot analysis of lysates from 3T3 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°over night