



# OR2H1 Polyclonal Antibody

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Catalog No</b>         | BYab-07464   |
| <b>Isotype</b>            | IgG  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>         | Human;Rat;Mouse;   |
| <b>Applications</b>       | WB;ELISA   |
| <b>Gene Name</b>          | OR2H1 OR2H6 OR2H8  |
| <b>Protein Name</b>       | Olfactory receptor 2H1 (Hs6M1-16) (OLFR42A-9004.14/9026.2) (Olfactory receptor 2H6) (Olfactory receptor 2H8) (Olfactory receptor 6-2) (OR6-2) (Olfactory receptor OR6-32)  |
| <b>Immunogen</b>          | Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein  |
| <b>Specificity</b>        | OR2H1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.  |
| <b>Formulation</b>        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.   |
| <b>Source</b>             | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG   |
| <b>Purification</b>       | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.  |
| <b>Dilution</b>           | WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000   |
| <b>Concentration</b>      | 1 mg/ml  |
| <b>Purity</b>             | ≥90%   |
| <b>Storage Stability</b>  | -20°C/1 year   |
| <b>Synonyms</b>           |  |
| <b>Observed Band</b>      | 34kD   |
| <b>Cell Pathway</b>       | Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.  |
| <b>Tissue Specificity</b> | Testis,  |
| <b>Function</b>           | function:Odorant receptor .,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.,  |
| <b>Background</b>         | olfactory receptor family 2 subfamily H member 1(OR2H1) Homo sapiens Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in |

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the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

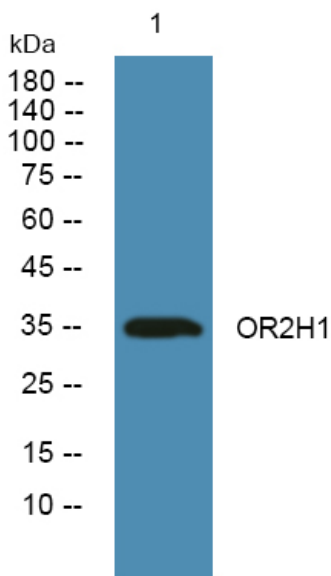
**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from HCT116 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night