



# DUS14 Polyclonal Antibody

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Catalog No</b>         | BYab-04963   |
| <b>Isotype</b>            | IgG  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>         | Human;Mouse  |
| <b>Applications</b>       | WB;ELISA   |
| <b>Gene Name</b>          | DUSP14 MKP6  |
| <b>Protein Name</b>       | Dual specificity protein phosphatase 14 (EC 3.1.3.16) (EC 3.1.3.48) (MKP-1-like protein tyrosine phosphatase) (MKP-L) (Mitogen-activated protein kinase phosphatase 6) (MAP kinase phosphatase 6) (MKP-6)  |
| <b>Immunogen</b>          | Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 120-200  |
| <b>Specificity</b>        | DUS14 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.  |
| <b>Formulation</b>        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.   |
| <b>Source</b>             | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG   |
| <b>Purification</b>       | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.  |
| <b>Dilution</b>           | WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000   |
| <b>Concentration</b>      | 1 mg/ml  |
| <b>Purity</b>             | ≥90%   |
| <b>Storage Stability</b>  | -20°C/1 year   |
| <b>Synonyms</b>           |  |
| <b>Observed Band</b>      | 21kD   |
| <b>Cell Pathway</b>       |  |
| <b>Tissue Specificity</b> | Lung,  |
| <b>Function</b>           | catalytic activity:A phosphoprotein + H(2)O = a protein + phosphate.,catalytic activity:Protein tyrosine phosphate + H(2)O = protein tyrosine + phosphate.,function:Involved in the inactivation of MAP kinases. Dephosphorylates ERK, JNK and p38 MAP-kinases.,similarity:Belongs to the protein-tyrosine phosphatase family. Non-receptor class dual specificity subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 tyrosine-protein phosphatase domain.,subunit:Interacts with CD28., |
| <b>Background</b>         | dual specificity phosphatase 14(DUSP14) Homo sapiens Dual-specificity phosphatases (DUSPs) constitute a large heterogeneous subgroup of the type I cysteine-based protein-tyrosine phosphatase superfamily. DUSPs are  |

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characterized by their ability to dephosphorylate both tyrosine and serine/threonine residues. They have been implicated as major modulators of critical signaling pathways. DUSP14 contains the consensus DUSP C-terminal catalytic domain but lacks the N-terminal CH2 domain found in the MKP (mitogen-activated protein kinase phosphatase) class of DUSPs (see MIM 600714) (summary by Patterson et al., 2009 [PubMed 19228121]).[supplied by OMIM, Dec 2009],

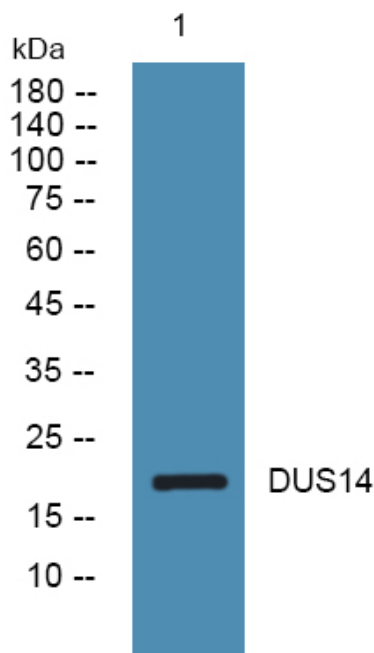
**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from DU145 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night