



IRP-1 (phospho Ser711) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYab-03575
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat;Monkey
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	ACO1
Protein Name	Cytoplasmic aconitate hydratase
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human IREB1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser711. AA range:681-730
Specificity	Phospho-IRP-1 (S711) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of IRP-1 protein only when phosphorylated at S711.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000.. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	ACO1; IREB1; Cytoplasmic aconitate hydratase; Aconitase; Citrate hydro-lyase; Ferritin repressor protein; Iron regulatory protein 1; IRP1; Iron-responsive element-binding protein 1; IRE-BP 1
Observed Band	85kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm, cytosol .
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Brain astrocytoma,Uterus,
Function	catalytic activity:Citrate = isocitrate.,cofactor:Binds 1 4Fe-4S cluster per subunit.,function:Binds to iron-responsive elements (IRES), which are stem-loop structures found in the 5'-UTR of ferritin, and delta aminolevulinic acid synthase mRNAs, and in the 3'-UTR of transferrin receptor mRNA. Binding to the IRE element in ferritin results in the repression of its mRNA translation. Binding of the protein to the transferrin receptor mRNA inhibits the degradation of this otherwise rapidly degraded mRNA. This protein also expresses aconitase activity.,online information:Aconitase entry,similarity:Belongs to the aconitase/IPM isomerase family.,

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**Background**

The protein encoded by this gene is a bifunctional, cytosolic protein that functions as an essential enzyme in the TCA cycle and interacts with mRNA to control the levels of iron inside cells. When cellular iron levels are high, this protein binds to a 4Fe-4S cluster and functions as an aconitase. Aconitases are iron-sulfur proteins that function to catalyze the conversion of citrate to isocitrate. When cellular iron levels are low, the protein binds to iron-responsive elements (IREs), which are stem-loop structures found in the 5' UTR of ferritin mRNA, and in the 3' UTR of transferrin receptor mRNA. When the protein binds to IRE, it results in repression of translation of ferritin mRNA, and inhibition of degradation of the otherwise rapidly degraded transferrin receptor mRNA. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distinct

matters needing attention

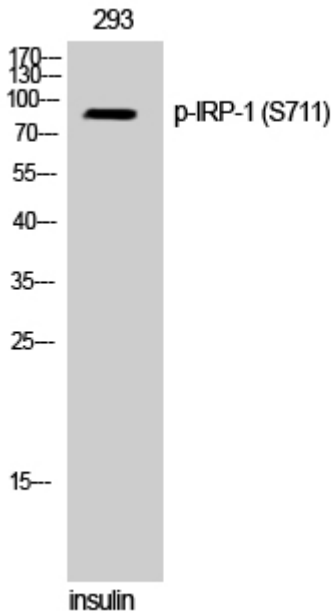
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

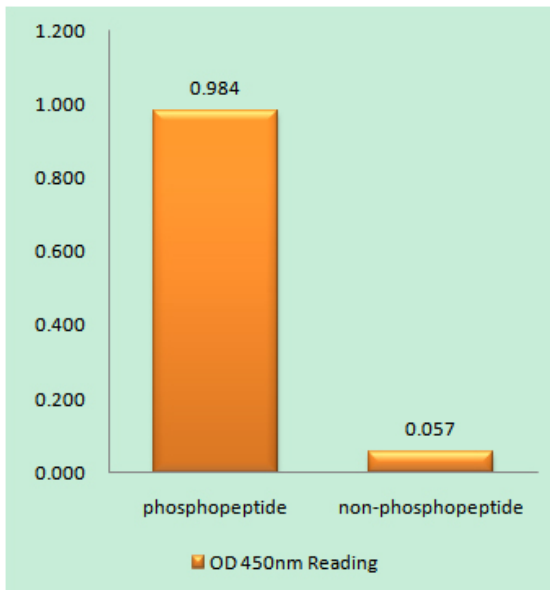
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



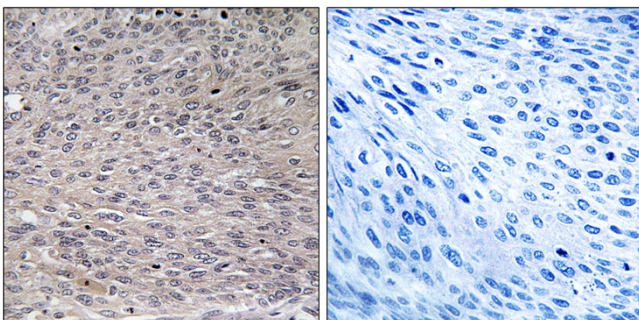
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using Phospho-IRP-1 (S711) Polyclonal Antibody

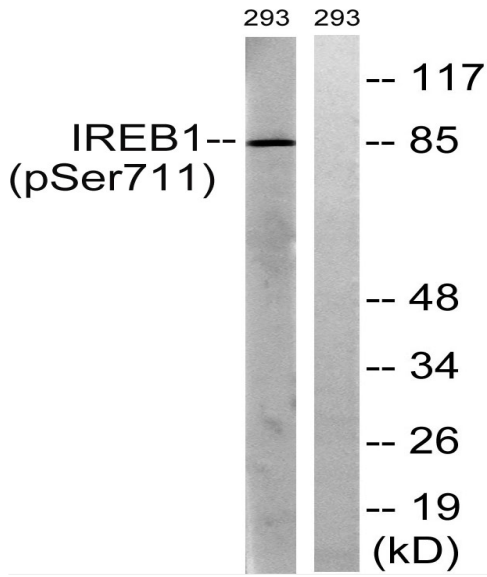


Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using IREB1 (Phospho-Ser711) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human thyroid gland, using IREB1 (Phospho-Ser711) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phosphopeptide.

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Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells treated with insulin 0.01U/ml 30', using IREB1 (Phospho-Ser711) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.