



RelB (phospho Ser552) Polyclonal Antibody

01376
;Mouse
C;IF;ELISA
ription factor RelB
tiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human round the phosphorylation site of Ser552. AA range:530-579
no-RelB (S552) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of RelB only when phosphorylated at S552.
in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
onal, Rabbit,IgG
tibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by -chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000 IF 1:50-200
าไ
1 year
Transcription factor RelB; I-Rel
s . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome . lizes with NEK6 in the centrosome.
,T-cell,
:Was originally (PubMed:1577270) thought to inhibit the transcriptional of nuclear factor NF-kappa-B.,domain:Both N- and C-terminal domains juired for transcriptional activation.,function:NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic iption factor which is present in almost all cell types and is involved in many cal processed such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, genesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, /p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52. The dimers bind at kappa-B the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct ences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd

网址:www.njbybio.com 官方热线:025-5229-8998 监督电话:15950492658





activators or repressors, respectively. NF-k

Background	caution:Was originally (PubMed:1577270) thought to inhibit the transcriptional activity of nuclear factor NF-kappa-B.,domain:Both N- and C-terminal domains are required for transcriptional activation.,function:NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor which is present in almost all cell types and is involved in many biological processed such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well as by interactions with other cofactors or corepressors. NF-kappa-B complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state complexed with members of the NF-kappa-B is phosphorylated by I-kappa-B kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators, subsequently degraded thus liberating the active NF-kappa-B complex which translocates to the nucleus. NF-kappa-B heterodimeric RelB-p50 and RelB-p52 complexes are transcriptional activators. RELB neither associates with DNA nor with RELA/p65 or REL. Stimulates promoter activity in the presence of NFKB2/p49, induction:By mitogens, PTM:Phosphorylation at 'Thr-103' and 'Ser-573' is followed by proteasomal degradation., similarity:Contains 1 RHD (Rel-like) domain, subunit:Component of the NF-kappa-B RelB-p52 complex. Component of the NF-kappa-B RelB-p52 complex. Component of the NF-kappa-B RelB-p52 complex. Self-associates; the interaction seems to be transient and may prevent degradation allowing for heterodimer formation with p50 or p52. Interacts with NFKB1/p50, N
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

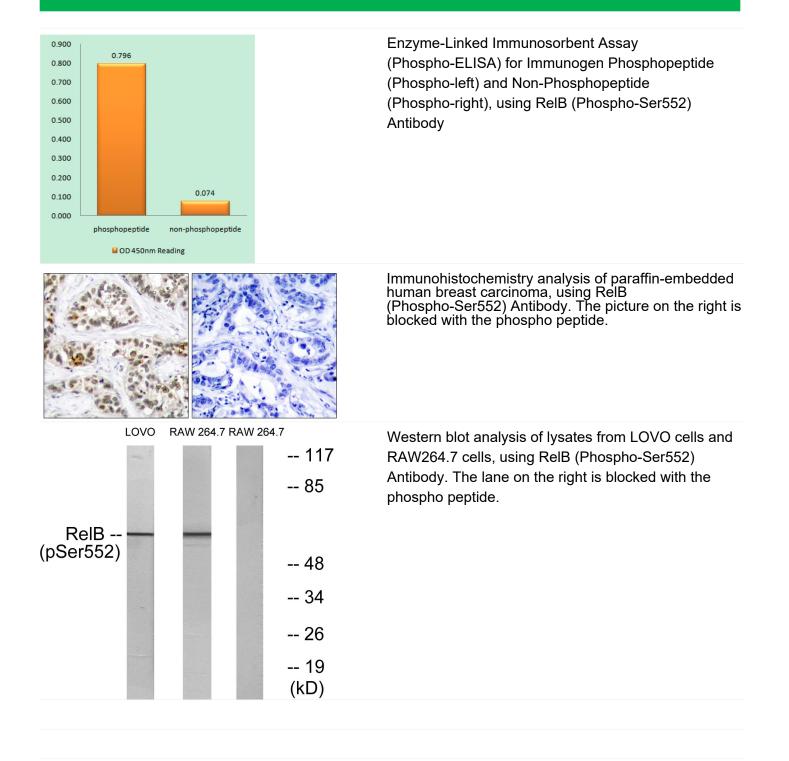
Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd



国内优质抗体供应商 精准的 WB 检测服务 24H 在线服务,欢迎咨询



Products Images



Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd