



# B23 Monoclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	BYab-01035
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat;Bovine;Pig;Rabbit
<b>Applications</b>	WB;IF
<b>Gene Name</b>	NPM1
<b>Protein Name</b>	Nucleophosmin
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant human B23 protein fragments expressed in E.coli.
<b>Specificity</b>	B23 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of B23 protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Purified mouse monoclonal in buffer containing 0.1M Tris-Glycine (pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl) with 0.2% sodium azide, 50% glycerol.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal, Mouse
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Dilution</b>	Western Blot: 1/1000 - 1/2000. Immunofluorescence: 1/100 - 1/500. Not yet tested in other applications.
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	NPM1; NPM; Nucleophosmin; NPM; Nucleolar phosphoprotein B23; Nucleolar protein NO38; Numatrin
<b>Observed Band</b>	
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Nucleus, nucleolus . Nucleus, nucleoplasm . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome . Generally nucleolar, but is translocated to the nucleoplasm in case of serum starvation or treatment with anticancer drugs. Has been found in the cytoplasm in patients with primary acute myelogenous leukemia (AML), but not with secondary AML. Can shuttle between cytoplasm and nucleus. Co- localizes with the methylated form of RPS10 in the granular component (GC) region of the nucleolus. Colocalized with nucleolin and APEX1 in nucleoli. Isoform 1 of NEK2 is required for its localization to the centrosome during mitosis.
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Amnion,B-cell lymphoma,Bone marrow,Brain,Cervix carcinoma,Colon carcinoma,Epithelium,Kidney
<b>Function</b>	disease:A chromosomal aberration involving NPM1 is a cause of myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS). Translocation t(3;5)(q25.1;q34) with MLF1.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving NPM1 is found in a form of acute promyelocytic leukemia. Translocation t(5;17)(q32;q11) with RARA.,disease:A chromosomal

**Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd**



aberration involving NPM1 is found in a form of non-Hodgkin lymphoma. Translocation t(2;5)(p23;q35) with ALK. The resulting chimeric NPM1-ALK protein homodimerize and the kinase becomes constitutively activated.,disease:Defects in NPM1 are associated with acute myelogenous leukemia (AML). Mutations in exon 12 affecting the C-terminus of the protein are associated with an aberrant cytoplasmic location.,function:Involved in diverse cellular processes such as ribosome biogenesis, centrosome duplication, protein chaperoning, histone assembly, cell proliferation, and regulation of tumor suppressor

#### Background

This gene encodes a phosphoprotein which moves between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. The gene product is thought to be involved in several processes including regulation of the ARF/p53 pathway. A number of genes are fusion partners have been characterized, in particular the anaplastic lymphoma kinase gene on chromosome 2. Mutations in this gene are associated with acute myeloid leukemia. More than a dozen pseudogenes of this gene have been identified. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.[provided by RefSeq, Nov 2009],

#### matters needing attention

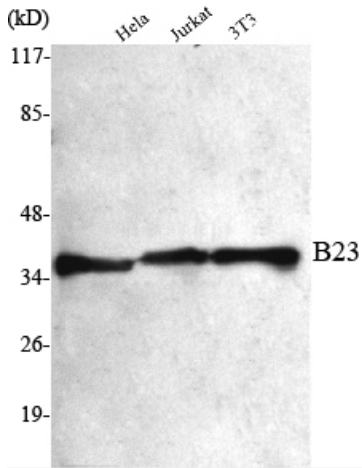
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

#### Usage suggestions

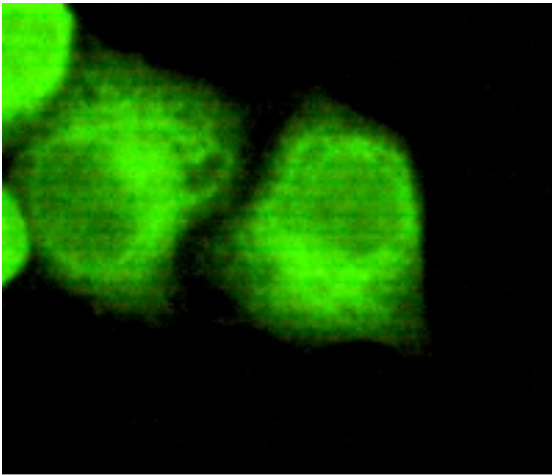
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



## Products Images



Western Blot analysis using B23 Monoclonal Antibody against HeLa, Jurkat, 3T3 cell lysate.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using B23 Monoclonal Antibody.