



Histone H2A (Acetyl Lys15) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYab-00950
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	HIST1H2AG/HIST1H2AI/HIST1H2AK/HIST1H2AL/HIST1H2AM/HIST2H2AA3/HI ST2H2AA4/HIST3H2A
Protein Name	Histone H2A type 1/Histone H2A type 2/Histone H2A type 3
Immunogen	Synthetic Peptide of Histone H2A (Acetyl Lys15)
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous Histone H2A (Acetyl Lys15) protein.
Formulation	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5%BSA, 0.02% sodium azide as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB: 1:500-1000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	HIST1H2AG; H2AFP; HIST1H2AI; H2AFC; HIST1H2AK; H2AFD; HIST1H2AL; H2AFI; HIST1H2AM; H2AFN; Histone H2A type 1; H2A.1; Histone H2A/p; HIST2H2AA3; H2AFO; HIST2H2AA; HIST2H2AA4; Histone H2A type 2-A; Histone H2A.2; Histone H2A/o; HIST3H2A; Histone H2A type 3;H2AK15AC
Observed Band	14kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus. Chromosome.
Tissue Specificity	Bone,Brain,Colon,Eye,Lymph,PCR rescued clones,Placenta,Sple
Function	function:Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.,mass spectrometry:Monoisotopic with N-acetylserine

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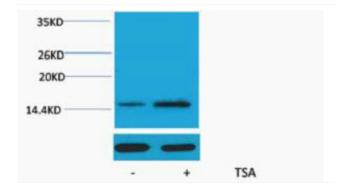


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	PubMed:16457589,PTM:Deiminated on Arg-4 in granulocytes upon calcium entry.,PTM:Monoubiquitination of Lys-120 by RING1 and RNF2/RING2 complex gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression and participates in X chromosome inactivation of female mammals. It is involved in the initiation of both imprinted and random X inactivation. Ubiquitinated H2A is enriched in inactive X chromosom
Background	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H2A family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the small histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from Hela cells, untreated (-) or treated, 1:5000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000

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